



# RAPTOR PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK BASE

## Safety Data Sheet RLB-R-US-SDS

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DRIVING SURFACE PERFECTION

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### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture  
 Trade name : RAPTOR PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK BASE  
 UP Number : UP0822  
 Other means of identification : Component of: UP0820, UP0820V, UP4801, UP4803, UP5010, UP0820VG

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers  
 Recommended use : Coating

#### 1.3. Supplier

U-POL US Inc  
 108 Commerce Way  
 Easton, PA 18040 - United States  
 T 1-800-340-7824 - F 1-800-787-5150  
[technicalsupport@u-pol.com](mailto:technicalsupport@u-pol.com) - [www.u-pol.com](http://www.u-pol.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	Causes serious eye irritation
Skin sensitization, Category 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carcinogenicity Category 2	Suspected of causing cancer
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction  
 Causes serious eye irritation  
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
 Suspected of causing cancer  
 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

Obtain special instructions before use.  
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
 Keep container tightly closed.  
 Use only non-sparking tools.  
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
 Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume.  
 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.  
 Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.  
 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with



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First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer by inhalation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Eye irritation.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Dry sand. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
Reactivity	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking.
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#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Protective clothing. Gloves. Safety glasses.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapors. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid breathing fume, spray, vapors.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing vapors. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

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### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Contain released product. Collect spillage.
- Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13. See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Keep away from Heat-ignition. - No smoking. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
- Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid breathing vapors, fume. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, Lighting equipment equipment.
- Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Ignition sources, Heat sources, Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
- Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.
- Storage temperature : < 25 °C
- Storage area : Store in well ventilated area.
- Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	Local name	Acetone
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	1000 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
ACGIH	Local name	Carbon black
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Inhalable fraction)

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<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Bronchitis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
<b>kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)</b>		
Not applicable		
<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>		
ACGIH	Local name	n-Butyl acetate
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	150 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
<b>reaction mass of α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)</b>		
Not applicable		
<b>reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)</b>		
Not applicable		
<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>		
Not applicable		
<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>		
ACGIH	Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>		
ACGIH	Local name	Ethylbenzene
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

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Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Gas mask.

#### Materials for protective clothing:

Impermeable clothing

#### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or face shield. Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

Air-fed respiratory protective equipment should be worn when this product is sprayed. Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Viscous. Liquid.
Color	: Black
Odor	: aromatic
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: > 35 °C
Flash point	: < 0 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.125 (1.1 – 1.14) g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	: insoluble in water. soluble in most organic solvents.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
No data available	Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available

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Explosive properties : No data available  
Oxidizing properties : No data available

### 9.2. Other information

As Packaged Regulatory VOC : 310 g/l (2.6 lbs/gal)  
As Packaged Actual VOC : 241 g/l (2.0 lbs/gal)  
As Applied Regulatory VOC : 299 g/l (2.5 lbs/gal)  
As Applied Actual VOC : 210 g/l (1.8 lbs/gal)  
Water Content : 0 wt%  
Exempt Compounds by volume : 22.3 vol %  
Exempt Compounds by weight : 15.7 wt%  
Volatiles : 37.2 wt%  
% EPA HAPS : 9.7 wt%  
Percent Solids : 62.82 wt%  
Percent Solids : 50.64 vol %

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified  
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

<b>acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	76 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, 95% CL: 65,2 - 88,4
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	20000 mg/kg body weight
<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.6 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust))
<b>kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

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<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	390 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	10760 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	14112 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	390 ppmV/4h
<b>reaction mass of <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline No. 401 (equivalent to Annex V), limit test, rat, male/female)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline No. 402 (equivalent to Annex V), limit test, rat, male/female)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	5800 mg/l (OECD Guideline 403, 14d, rat)
ATE US (vapors)	5800 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	5800 mg/l/4h
<b>reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	3230 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), rat, male/female)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3170 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), read-across,
ATE US (oral)	3230 mg/kg body weight
<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg (EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral), rat, male)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6350 ppm/4h (4 h, EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), rat, male, Inhalation, vapours)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6350 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1: Acute Toxicity (Oral), Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg (Non-GLP, read-across from supporting substance, single dermal dose under occlusion followed by observation for 14 days)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6700 ppm/4h (EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), 4h, rat, male)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	15432 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15432 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified



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Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

<b>acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

<b>kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)</b>	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	3737.9 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight/day ( OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), female)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer by inhalation.

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Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Eye irritation.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Ecology - water	: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<b>acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5540 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
LOEC (chronic)	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 5600 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 24 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 algae	> 10000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	18 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	44 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia sp.
LC50 - Fish [2]	62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)
NOEC (chronic)	23 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	23 mg/l

<b>reaction mass of <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.8 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	4 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
ErC50 algae	> 100 mg/l (72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'

<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
ErC50 algae	4.36 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 73 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'

<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>RAPTOR PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK BASE</b>	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

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<b>acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.2 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.872 (20 day(s), Literature study)

<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)

<b>kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.21 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.46

<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.

<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	3.17 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>RAPTOR PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK BASE</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

<b>acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
BCF - Fish [1]	0.69 (Pisces)
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.24 (Test data)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

<b>kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	No test data of component(s) available.

<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
BCF - Fish [1]	15.3 (Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

<b>reaction mass of α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)</b>	
BCF - Fish [1]	2658 – 3430 (502 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	4.6 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 117, 25 °C)

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<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
BCF - Fish [1]	7.2 – 25.9 (56 day(s), Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (Read-across, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
Surface tension	Not applicable (solid)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not toxic to plants. Not toxic to animals.

<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
Surface tension	0.0163 N/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
Surface tension	28.01 – 29.76 mN/m (25 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.73 (log Koc, Equivalent or similar to OECD 121, Read-across)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste)	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations.
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1263 Paint, 3, II

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UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263  
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint  
Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120  
Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173  
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: 149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons). 367 - For the purposes of documentation and package marking: a. The proper shipping name "Paint related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint" and "Paint related material" in the same package; b. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, corrosive, flammable" and "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" in the same package; c. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, flammable, corrosive" and "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" in the same package; and d. The proper shipping name "Printing ink related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Printing ink" and "Printing ink related material" in the same package. 383 - Packages containing toy plastic or paper caps for toy pistols described as "UN0349, Articles, explosive, n.o.s. (Toy caps), 1.4S" or "NA0337, Toy caps, 1.4S" are not subject to the subpart E (labeling) requirements of this part when offered for transportation by motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, and cargo aircraft and, notwithstanding the packing method assigned in §173.62 of this subchapter, in conformance with the following conditions: B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks. B131 - When transported by highway, rail, or cargo vessel, waste Paint and Paint related material (UN1263; PG II and PG III), when in plastic or metal inner packagings of not more than 26.5 L (7 gallons), are excepted from the marking requirements in §172.301(a) and (c) and the labeling requirements in §172.400(a), when further packed in the following specification and non-specification bulk outer packagings and under the following conditions:  a. Primary receptacles must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter and may not leak. If they do leak, they must be overpacked in packagings conforming to the specification requirements of part 178 of this subchapter or in salvage packagings conforming to the requirements in §173.12 of this subchapter.  b. Primary receptacles must be further packed in non-specification bulk outer packagings such as cubic yard boxes, plastic rigid-wall bulk containers, dump trailers, and roll-off containers. Bulk outer packagings must be liquid tight through design or by the use of lining materials.  c. Primary receptacles may also be further packed in specification bulk outer packagings. Authorized specification bulk outer packagings are UN11G fiberboard intermediate bulk containers (IBC) and UN13H4 woven plastic, coated and with liner flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) meeting the Packing Group II performance level and lined with a plastic liner of at least 6 mil thickness.  d. All inner packagings placed inside bulk outer packagings must be blocked and braced to prevent movement during transportation that could cause the container to open or fall over. Specification IBCs and FIBCs are to be secured to a pallet. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F). TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 128
Other information	: No supplementary information available.

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### Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport document description (TDG)	: UN1263 PAINT, 3, II
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1263
Proper Shipping Name (TDG)	: PAINT
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (TDG)	: II - Medium Danger
TDG Special Provisions	: 59 - Substances that are listed by name in Schedule 1 must not be transported under this shipping name. Substances transported under this shipping name may contain not more than 20% nitrocellulose if the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass), 142 - The following shipping names may be used to meet the requirements of Part 3 (Documentation) and Part 4 (Dangerous Goods Safety Marks) when these dangerous goods are offered for transport in the same means of containment: (a) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint and paint related material; (b) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, corrosive, flammable, and paint related material, corrosive, flammable; (c) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, flammable, corrosive, and paint related material, flammable, corrosive; and (d) "PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing both printing ink and printing ink related material.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 5 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 5 L

### Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1263
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: PAINT
Class (IMDG)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	: II - substances presenting medium danger
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 5 L

### Air transport

Transport document description (IATA)	: UN 1263 Paint, 3, II
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1263
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Paint
Class (IATA)	: 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	: II - Medium Danger

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	< 5%
Ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	< 5%

#### acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

#### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

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<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
<b>reaction mass of <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	FRI - FRI - indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used. PMN - PMN - indicates a commenced PMN substance. XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).
<b>reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

## 15.2. International regulations

### CANADA

<b>acetone (67-64-1)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>carbon black (1333-86-4)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>reaction mass of <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and <math>\alpha</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-<math>\omega</math>-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>Xylene (1330-20-7)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

### National regulations



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### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

### 15.3. US State regulations

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
carbon black(1333-86-4)	X					
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	X				54 µg/day (inhalation); 41 µg/day (oral)	

Component	State or local regulations
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined(68855-54-9)	U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
n-butyl acetate(123-86-4)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
carbon black(1333-86-4)	U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
acetone(67-64-1)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### SECTION 16: Other information

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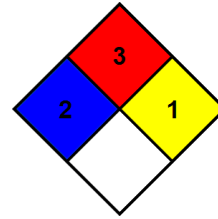
Revision date : 11/18/2020  
Other information : None.

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- NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
- NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.
- NFPA reactivity : 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



SDS US GHS (GHS HazCom2012)

*For professional use only.*

*The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued however it is subject to change from time to time. It does not purport to be all inclusive or exhaustive and shall only be used as a guide. U-POL makes no warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranty of fitness for a given purpose or usage. It is the Buyers responsibility to ensure the suitability of the products for their own use and to check the information is up to date. U-POL cannot be held responsible for the suitability of use for any of its products, considering the wide range of factors such as application, substrates and handling methods. Since these conditions of use are outside of our control, the company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the product detailed. Moreover, addition of reducers, hardeners or other additives over and above U-POL's recommendations for use, may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. U-POL data sheets are available via the U-POL website at WWW.U-POL.COM.*