RAPID SYSTEM PRIMER (4:1)

Safety Data Sheet RAPIDP-US-SDS

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : RAPID SYSTEM PRIMER (4:1)

UP Number UP6301, UP6303

Other means of identification : Component of: UP6315

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Recommended use : Primer

Restrictions on use : Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

1.3. Supplier

U-POL US Inc
108 Commerce Way
Easton, PA 18040 - United States
T 1-800-340-7824 - F 1-800-787-5150
technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Skin sensitization, Category 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carcinogenicity Category 2	Suspected of causing cancer
Reproductive toxicity Category 1B	May damage the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Highly flammable liquid and vapor
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing cancer
May damage the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, face protection.
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use foam, extinguishing powder, dry sand to extinguish.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
n-butyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 123-86-4	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
talc	(CAS-No.) 14807-96-6	5 – 23	Carc. 2, H351
Xylene	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone	(CAS-No.) 108-10-1	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335
Ethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 100-41-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
dibutyltin dilaurate	(CAS-No.) 77-58-7	< 5	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Reactivity : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
ACGIH	Local name	n-Butyl acetate
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	710 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	150 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	0.1 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	0.2 mg/m³

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH	Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)		
ACGIH	Local name	Methyl isobutyl ketone
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	75 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; dizziness; headache. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	410 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)
Not applicable

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
ACGIH	Local name	Ethylbenzene
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

talc (14807-96-6)		
ACGIH	Local name	Talc
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³ (Respirable fraction. The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica)
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.1 fibers/cm³ (Containing asbestos fibers. F - Respirable fibers)

talc (14807-96-6)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Containing no asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; pulm func. Notations: A4 Containing asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pneumoconiosis; lung cancer; mesothelioma. Notations: A1 (Confirmed Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	20 mppcf
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Viscous.
Color	:	Gray
Odor	:	characteristic
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	> 111 °C
Flash point	:	14 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	1.703
Density	:	1.7 (1.65 – 1.75) g/cm³
Solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available

Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
No data availableViscosity, kinematic	:	2647.059 mm²/s
Viscosity, dynamic	:	4500 (4000 – 5000) cP
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

As Packaged Regulatory VOC	:	425 g/l (3.5 lbs/gal)
As Packaged Actual VOC	:	425 g/l (3.5 lbs/gal)
As Applied Regulatory VOC	:	522 g/l (4.4 lbs/gal)
As Applied Actual VOC	:	522 g/l (4.4 lbs/gal)
Water Content		0 wt%
Exempt Compounds by volume	:	0 vol %
Exempt Compounds by weight	:	0 wt%
Volatiles	:	24.4 wt%
% EPA HAPS	:	4.2 wt%
Percent Solids	:	75.57 wt%
Percent Solids	:	51.54 vol %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	:	Not classified

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	390 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	10760 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	14112 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	390 ppmV/4h

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
LD50 oral rat	2071 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), 95% CL: 1207 - 5106
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))
ATE US (oral)	2071 mg/kg body weight

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1: Acute Toxicity (Oral), Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg (Non-GLP, read-across from supporting substance, single dermal dose under occlusion followed by observation for 14 days)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6700 ppm/4h (EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), 4h, rat, male)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
LD50 oral rat	2080 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), 95% CL: 1,91 - 2,27
LD50 dermal rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	2080 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	10 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)	
LD50 oral rat	8400 ml/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	3160 mg/kg body weight (OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), rat, male/female
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	3400 ppm/4h

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	15432 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15432 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

talc (14807-96-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.1 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 15 day(s))

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

talc (14807-96-6)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable, 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity : May damage the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure : Not classified

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	250 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	4.106 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	600 mg/kg bodyweight/day
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	900 – 1800 mg/m³

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Viscosity, kinematic : 2647.059 mm²/s

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	18 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	44 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia sp.
LC50 - Fish [2]	62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)
NOEC (chronic)	23 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	23 mg/l

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	3.1 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.7 – 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	< 463 µg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
ErC50 algae	1 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Tin)

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
ErC50 algae	4.36 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 73 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 179 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 200 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9.22 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	6.14 mg/l 48 h, Daphnia magna
ErC50 algae	2.9 mg/l

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'

talc (14807-96-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	89581 mg/l (ECOSAR v1.00, 96 h, Pisces, Fresh water, QSAR)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.21 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.46

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.06 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.16 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.72 g O_2/g substance

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	3.17 g O_2/g substance

talc (14807-96-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
BCF - Fish [1]	15.3 (Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	4.44 (Practical experience/observation, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 20.8 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≥ Log Kow ≤ 5).

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
BCF - Fish [1]	7.2 – 25.9 (56 day(s), Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (Read-across, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.9 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

talc (14807-96-6)	
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3.162 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Fresh water, QSAR)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-9.4 (QSAR, KOWWIN, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

12.4. Mobility in soil

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Surface tension	0.0163 N/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Surface tension	28.01 – 29.76 mN/m (25 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.73 (log Koc, Equivalent or similar to OECD 121, Read-across)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.008 (log Koc, Weight of evidence, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.

talc (14807-96-6)	
Ecology - soil	Adsorbs into the soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Additional information : Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1263 Paint (flammable), 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint
flammable

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	:	149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons). 367 - For the purposes of documentation and package marking: a. The proper shipping name “Paint related material” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint” and “Paint related material” in the same package; b. The proper shipping name “Paint related material, corrosive, flammable” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint, corrosive, flammable” and “Paint related material, corrosive, flammable” in the same package; c. The proper shipping name “Paint related material, flammable, corrosive” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint, flammable, corrosive” and “Paint related material, flammable, corrosive” in the same package; and d. The proper shipping name “Printing ink related material” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Printing ink” and “Printing ink related material” in the same package. 383 - Packages containing toy plastic or paper caps for toy pistols described as “UN0349, Articles, explosive, n.o.s. (Toy caps), 1.4S” or “NA0337, Toy caps, 1.4S” are not subject to the subpart E (labeling) requirements of this part when offered for transportation by motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, and cargo aircraft and, notwithstanding the packing method assigned in §173.62 of this subchapter, in conformance with the following conditions: B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks. B131 - When transported by highway, rail, or cargo vessel, waste Paint and Paint related material (UN1263; PG II and PG III), when in plastic or metal inner packagings of not more than 26.5 L (7 gallons), are excepted from the marking requirements in §172.301(a) and (c) and the labeling requirements in §172.400(a), when further packed in the following specification and non-specification bulk outer packagings and under the following conditions: a. Primary receptacles must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter and may not leak. If they do leak, they must be overpacked in packagings conforming to the specification requirements of part 178 of this subchapter or in salvage packagings conforming to the requirements in §173.12 of this subchapter. b. Primary receptacles must be further packed in non-specification bulk outer packagings such as cubic yard boxes, plastic rigid-wall bulk containers, dump trailers, and roll-off containers. Bulk outer packagings must be liquid tight through design or by the use of lining materials. c. Primary receptacles may also be further packed in specification bulk outer packagings. Authorized specification bulk outer packagings are UN11G fiberboard intermediate bulk containers (IBC) and UN13H4 woven plastic, coated and with liner flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) meeting the Packing Group II performance level and lined with a plastic liner of at least 6 mil thickness. d. All inner packagings placed inside bulk outer packagings must be blocked and braced to prevent movement during transportation that could cause the container to open or fall over. Specification IBCs and FIBCs are to be secured to a pallet. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F). TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	128
Other information	:	No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport document description (TDG)	:	UN1263 PAINT (flammable), 3, II
UN-No. (TDG)	:	UN1263
Proper Shipping Name (TDG)	:	PAINT
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	:	3 - Class 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (TDG)	:	II - Medium Danger
TDG Special Provisions	:	59 - Substances that are listed by name in Schedule 1 must not be transported under this shipping name. Substances transported under this shipping name may contain not more than 20% nitrocellulose if the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass),142 - The following shipping names may be used to meet the requirements of Part 3 (Documentation) and Part 4 (Dangerous Goods Safety Marks) when these dangerous goods are offered for transport in the same means of containment: (a) “PAINT RELATED MATERIAL” may be used for a means of containment containing both paint and paint related material; (b) “PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE” may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, corrosive, flammable, and paint related material, corrosive, flammable; (c) “PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE” may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, flammable, corrosive, and paint related material, flammable, corrosive; and (d) “PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL” may be used for a means of containment containing both printing ink and printing ink related material.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	:	5 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	:	5 L

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG)	:	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II
UN-No. (IMDG)	:	1263
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	:	PAINT
Class (IMDG)	:	3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	:	II - substances presenting medium danger
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	5 L

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA)	:	UN 1263 Paint, 3, II
UN-No. (IATA)	:	1263
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Paint
Class (IATA)	:	3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	:	II - Medium Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

talc (14807-96-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Xylene (1330-20-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

talc (14807-96-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

15.3. US State regulations

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone (108-10-1)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	Yes	No	No		

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	No	No	No	54 µg/day (inhalation); 41 µg/day (oral)	

Component	State or local regulations
n-butyl acetate(123-86-4)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
talc(14807-96-6)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone(108-10-1)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

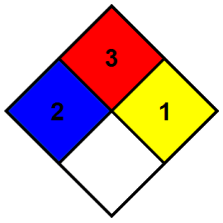
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 01/26/2021

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



SDS US GHS (GHS HazCom2012)

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