EGC62 FIBREGLASS FILLER

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form	:	Mixture
Trade name	:	EGC62 FIBREGLASS FILLER
Product code	:	EGC62

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture	:	Fillers, putties, plasters, modeling clay
Recommended use	:	Fillers

1.3. Supplier

U-POL US Inc Inc.
50 Applied Bank Blvd., Suite 300 Glen Mills
Pennsylvania, PA 19342
United States
T (610) 746 7081
technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	:	CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	Causes serious eye irritation
Respiratory sensitization, Category 1	May cause an allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
Skin sensitization, Category 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carcinogenicity Category 2	Suspected of causing cancer
Reproductive toxicity Category 2	Suspected of damaging the unborn child
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	May cause respiratory irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1	Causes damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US)	:	Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US)	:	Causes skin irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled May cause respiratory irritation

		Suspected of causing cancer Suspected of damaging the unborn child Causes damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe fume, vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
styrene	CAS-No.: 100-42-5	5-23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
talc	CAS-No.: 14807-96-6	≥ 23	Carc. 2, H351

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
ethylbenzene	CAS-No.: 100-41-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin	CAS-No.: 25068-38-6	< 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
phthalic anhydride	CAS-No.: 85-44-9	< 5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. No open flames. No smoking.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Gloves.
Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Do not breathe fume, vapors. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product. Collect spillage.
Methods for cleaning up : Mechanically recover the product. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe fume, vapors. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Storage temperature : < 25 °C
Storage area : Store in well ventilated area.
Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

EGC62 FIBREGLASS FILLER
No additional information available

styrene (100-42-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Styrene
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	10 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS & hearing impair; URT irr; peripheral neuropathy; visual disorders. Notations: OTO; A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	STYRENE
BEI (BLV)	400 mg/g Kreatinin Parameter: Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns 40 µg/l Parameter: Styrene - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Styrene
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA PEL C [ppm]	200 ppm
Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift	600 ppm 5 mins. in any 3 hrs.
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-2

talc (14807-96-6)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Talc
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³ (Respirable fraction. The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica) 0.1 fibers/cm³ (Respirable fibers: length > 5 µm; aspect ratio ≥ 3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective), using phase-contrast illumination)
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.1 fibers/cm³ (Containing asbestos fibers. F - Respirable fibers)
Remark (ACGIH)	Containing no asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; pulm func. Notations: A4 Containing asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pneumoconiosis; lung cancer; mesothelioma. Notations: A1 (Confirmed Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Talc (not containing asbestos) (Silicates (less than 1% crystalline silica))
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	20 mppcf
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	XYLENES (Technical or commercial grade)
BEI (BLV)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethylbenzene
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	ETHYLBENZENE
BEI (BLV)	0.15 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (with hydrolysis) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethyl benzene
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)
No additional information available

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Phthalic anhydride
ACGIH OEL TWA	0.002 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction and vapor)

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	0.005 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction and vapor)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Resp sens; asthma. Notations: Skin; DSEN; RSEN; A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Phthalic anhydride
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	12 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	2 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.

Materials for protective clothing:
Impermeable clothing

Hand protection:				
Protective gloves				
Type	**Material**	**Permeation**	**Thickness (mm)**	**Penetration**
Protective gloves	Nitrile rubber (NBR), Neoprene rubber (HNBR), Polyvinylalcohol (PVA), Viton	6 (> 480 minutes)	0.4	

Eye protection:		
Safety glasses		
Type	**Field of application**	**Characteristics**
Safety glasses	Dust	clear

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:		
Wear respiratory protection.		
Device	**Filter type**	**Condition**
Breathing apparatus, Gas filters	Type A - High-boiling (>65 °C) organic compounds	vapor protection

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Solid
Appearance	:	Fibrous. Paste.
Color	:	Yellow
Odor	:	aromatic
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	Not applicable
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	Not applicable
Density	:	1.275 (1.26 – 1.29) g/cm³
Solubility	:	insoluble in water. soluble in most organic solvents.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content	:	328 g/l
As Packaged Regulatory VOC	:	328 g/l (2.7 lb/gal)
As Packaged Actual VOC	:	328 g/l (2.7 lb/gal)
As Applied Regulatory VOC	:	69 g/l (0.58 lb/gal)
As Applied Actual VOC	:	69 g/l (0.58 lb/gal)
Percent Solids	:	75.83 wt%
Percent Solids	:	59.56 vol %
Volatiles	:	24.2 wt%
Water Content	:	0 wt%
Water Content	:	0 vol %
Exempt Compounds by weight	:	0 wt%
Exempt Compounds by volume	:	0 vol %
% EPA HAPS	:	25.11 wt%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

styrene (100-42-5)	
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg body weight (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	11.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	5000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	11.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	11.8 mg/l/4h

talc (14807-96-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.1 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, (maximum achievable concentration), Inhalation (aerosol), 15 day(s))

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 4000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg (Non-GLP, read-across from supporting substance, single dermal dose under occlusion followed by observation for 14 days)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	29.09 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.2, 4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6700 ppm/4h (EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), 4h, rat, male)

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	15433 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15433 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	17.8 mg/l/4h

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
LD50 oral rat	1530 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.14 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
ATE US (oral)	1530 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

styrene (100-42-5)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

talc (14807-96-6)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable, 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/male,2 years)	15 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.4300 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity), Guideline: other:MITI, Japanese ministry of international trade and industry, February 1998, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: toxicity (migrated information)
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/female,2 years)	100 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.4300 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity), Guideline: other:MITI, Japanese ministry of international trade and industry, February 1998, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: toxicity (migrated information)

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/male,2 years)	3570 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/female,2 years)	1785 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	3570 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:Generation: all major orans incl. reproductive organs were examined (migrated information)
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	1785 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female, Remarks on results: other:Generation: all major orans incl. reproductive organs were examined (migrated information)

STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

styrene (100-42-5)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

styrene (100-42-5)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat
LOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	0.21 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat
NOAEL (subchronic,oral,animal/male,90 days)	10 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	2500 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

styrene (100-42-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	10 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	4.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
ErC50 algae	4.9 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1050, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Growth rate)
LOEC (chronic)	2.06 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	1.01 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

talc (14807-96-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	89581 mg/l (ECOSAR v1.00, 96 h, Pisces, Fresh water, QSAR)

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
ErC50 algae	4.36 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 73 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
LOEC (chronic)	1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	560 mg/l (OECD 210: Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test, 7 day(s), Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 640 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	10 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '60 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

styrene (100-42-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.8 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	3.07 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.42 (Literature study)

talc (14807-96-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	3.17 g O_2/g substance

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.26 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	1.51 g O_2/g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

styrene (100-42-5)	
BCF - Fish [1]	74 (Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.96 (Practical experience/observation, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

talc (14807-96-6)	
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3.162 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Fresh water, QSAR)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-9.4 (QSAR, KOWWIN, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
BCF - Fish [1]	7.2 – 25.9 (56 day(s), Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (Read-across, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3 (Estimated value, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3.4 (EPIWIN BCF (v 2.15), Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.6 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

12.4. Mobility in soil

styrene (100-42-5)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.55 (log Koc, Estimated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

talc (14807-96-6)	
Surface tension	Not applicable (water solubility < 1 mg/l)
Ecology - soil	Adsorbs into the soil.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Surface tension	28.01 – 29.76 mN/m (25 °C)

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.73 (log Koc, Equivalent or similar to OECD 121, Read-across)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)	
Surface tension	59 mN/m (20 °C, 0.09 g/l)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.3 – 1.49 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not applicable

TDG
Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not applicable

IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not applicable

IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable
Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IATA) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

No data available

TDG

No data available

IMDG

No data available

IATA

No data available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
styrene	100-42-5	Present	Active	
talc	14807-96-6	Present	Active	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Present	Active	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Present	Active	
bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin	25068-38-6	Present	Active	XU
phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	Present	Active	

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.		
styrene	CAS-No. 100-42-5	5-23%
Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	< 5%
ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	< 5%

phthalic anhydride	CAS-No. 85-44-9	< 5%

styrene (100-42-5)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

styrene (100-42-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

talc (14807-96-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Xylene (1330-20-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin), epoxy resin (25068-38-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

styrene (100-42-5)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

15.3. US State regulations

WARNING: This product can expose you to styrene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and ethylene glycol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
styrene(100-42-5)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
talc(14807-96-6)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
phthalic anhydride(85-44-9)	U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

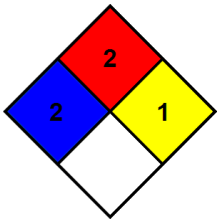
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 02/20/2023

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating		
Health	:	2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	:	2 Moderate Hazard - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100 F but below 200 F. (Classes II & IIIA)
Physical	:	1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
Personal protection	:	G - Safety glasses, Gloves, Vapor respirator

For professional use only.

The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued however it is subject to change from time to time. It does not purport to be all inclusive or exhaustive and shall only be used as a guide. U-POL makes no warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranty of fitness for a given purpose or usage. It is the Buyers responsibility to ensure the suitability of the products for their own use and to check the information is up to date. U-POL cannot be held responsible for the suitability of use for any of its products, considering the wide range of factors such as application, substrates and handling methods. Since these conditions of use are outside of our control, the company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the product detailed. Moreover, addition of reducers, hardeners or other additives over and above U-POL's recommendations for use, may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. U-POL data sheets are available via the U-POL website at WWW.U-POL.COM.