

# Safety Data Sheet

according to the Work Health and Safety (WHS) Regulations
Issue date: 20/01/2017 Revision date: 20/12/2021 Supersedes: 25/02/2021 Version: 4.0

# **SECTION 1: Product identifier**

#### 1.1. GHS Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : POWERCAN GLOSS WHITE AEROSOL

Product code : PCGW/AL

### 1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coating

#### 1.4. Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier Supplier

U-POL Australia Pty Limited Ltd

U-POL New Zealand Limited Ltd

55 Leland Street c/o Lindsay & Associates Unit H, 12 Amera Place, East Tamaki

Penrith NSW 2750 Manukau City Auckland 2013

Australia New Zealand

T 02 4731 2655 - F 02 4731 2611 T + 612 4731 2655 / 027 630 3691 - F + 612 4731 2611

info@u-pol.com.au - www.u-pol.com info@u-pol.co.nz - www.u-pol.com

### 1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : Australia (CHEMTREC): + (61) - 290372994 ; New Zealand (National Poisons Centre):

0800 764 766

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the hazardous chemical

#### Classification according to the model Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations)

Aerosol, Category 1 H222;H229
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A H319
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H361
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis H336

## 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms (GHS AU)







Flame

Exclamation Health hazard

mark

Signal word (GHS AU) : Danger

Contains : acetone (10 - 30 %); n-butyl acetate (10 - 30 %); toluene (< 10 %); hydrocarbons, C9,

aromatics (< 10 %); cyclohexanone (< 10 %)

Hazard statements (GHS AU) : H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated

H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361 - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Precautionary statements (GHS AU) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

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P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 - Avoid breathing fume, spray, vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves.

P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

# **SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients**

Name	CAS-No.	%	Classification according to the model Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations)
acetone	67-64-1	10 – 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	10 – 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
toluene	108-88-3	< 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	< 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Other substances (not contributing to the classification of this product)	-	91.9 – 91.9	-

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

# 4.2. Symptoms caused by exposure

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

#### 4.3. Medical attention and special treatment

Other medical advice or treatment : Treat symptomatically.

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#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Explosion hazard : Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid breathing fume,

spray, vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

## 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Mechanically recover the product. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public

waters.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing fume, spray, vapours. Avoid contact

with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store locked

up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Storage temperature : < 25 °C

Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters - exposure standards

toluene (108-88-3)		
Australia - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Toluene	
OES TWA [1]	191 mg/m³	
OES TWA [2]	50 ppm	
OES STEL	574 mg/m³	
OES STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
Remark (AU)	Sk - Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.	
Regulatory reference	Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (2019)	
New Zealand - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Toluene (Toluol)	
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	188 mg/m³	
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	50 ppm	
Remark (NZ)	skin (Skin absorption)	
Regulatory reference	Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 12th Edition	
New Zealand - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	Toluene	
BEI	0.03 mg/l Parameter: Toluene - Medium: Urine - Sampling time: End of exposure or end of shift 0.3 mg/g creatinine Parameter: o-Cresol (following hydrolysis) - Medium: Urine - Sampling time: End of exposure or end of shift	
Regulatory reference	Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 12th Edition	
acetone (67-64-1)		
Australia - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Acetone	
OES TWA [1]	1185 mg/m³	
OES TWA [2]	500 ppm	
OES STEL	2375 mg/m³	
OES STEL [ppm]	1000 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (2019)	
New Zealand - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Acetone	
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	1185 mg/m³	
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	500 ppm	
WES-STEL (OEL STEL)	2375 mg/m³	
WES-STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	1000 ppm	
Regulatory reference	Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 12th Edition	
New Zealand - Biological Exposure Indices		
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acetone (67-64-1)	acetone (67-64-1)		
BEI	50 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: Urine - Sampling time: End of shift		
Regulatory reference	Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 12th Edition		
cyclohexanone (108-94-1)			
Australia - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Cyclohexanone (Anone)		
OES TWA [1]	100 mg/m³		
OES TWA [2]	25 ppm		
Remark (AU)	Sk - Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.		
Regulatory reference	Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (2019)		
New Zealand - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Cyclohexanone		
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	100 mg/m³		
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	25 ppm		
Remark (NZ)	skin (Skin absorption)		
Regulatory reference	Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 12th Edition		
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Australia - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	n-Butyl acetate		
OES TWA [1]	713 mg/m³		
OES TWA [2]	150 ppm		
OES STEL	950 mg/m³		
OES STEL [ppm]	200 ppm		
Regulatory reference	Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (2019)		
New Zealand - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	n-Butyl acetate		
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	713 mg/m³		
WES-TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	150 ppm		
WES-STEL (OEL STEL)	950 mg/m³		
WES-STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	200 ppm		
Regulatory reference	Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 12th Edition		

# 8.2. Biological Monitoring

No additional information available

# 8.3. Engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

# 8.4. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.

Materials for protective clothing: Impermeable clothingHand protection: Protective glovesEye protection: Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing

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Respiratory protection : [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

# Personal protective equipment symbol(s)







Environmental exposure controls

: Avoid release to the environment.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Aerosol.
Colour : White

Odour : Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn for overexposure.

Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour:

Odourless Commercial/unpurified substance: unpleasant odour Aromatic odour Sweet odour Fruity odour Pleasant odour Peppermint odour Acetone odour Mild odour Ether-like

odour Almost odourless Petroleum-like odour

Odour threshold : No data available : No data available pН Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available : No data available Melting point / Freezing point : No data available Boiling point Flash point : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Flammability No data available Vapour pressure No data available Relative density No data available

Density : Density: 0.727 g/cm³ Solubility : insoluble in water, soluble in most organic solvents.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available

Explosive properties : Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Explosive limits : No data available Minimum ignition energy : No data available

VOC content : 644

VOC content - Regulatory : No data available
Gas group : Press. Gas (Liq.)
Percent Solids : 12.92 wt%

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity : Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of

ignition.

Incompatible materials : No additional information available

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not

be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

#### toluene (108-88-3)

LD50 oral rat 5580 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EU Method B.1 (Acute

Toxicity (Oral)), 95% CL: 5300 - 5910

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toluene (108-88-3)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, 95% CL: 9,63 - 20,77
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	28.1 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	25.7 mg/l/4h (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE AU (oral)	5580 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE AU (vapours)	25.7 mg/l/4h
acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg bodyweight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	76 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, 95% CL: 65,2 - 88,4
ATE AU (oral)	5800 mg/kg bodyweight
cyclohexanone (108-94-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1890 – 2650 mg/kg bodyweight (BASF test, Rat, Experimental value, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 oral	1620 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	1100 mg/kg (BRENNTAG test)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 6.2 mg/l air Animal: rat
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	8000 mg/l/4h
	-
ATE AU (oral)	1890 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE AU (dermal)	1100 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE AU (gases)	4500 ppmv/4h
ATE AU (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE AU (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 14112 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	23.4 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	390 ppm/4h
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 21 mg/l/4h (4 h, OECD Test Guideline 403, rat, vapours)
ATE AU (oral)	10760 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE AU (gases)	390 ppmv/4h
ATE AU (vapours)	23.4 mg/l/4h
ATE AU (dust,mist)	23.4 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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toluene (108-88-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
acetone (67-64-1)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified		
toluene (108-88-3)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1250 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	625 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	143 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90- Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)	
Aspiration hazard :	Not classified	
POWERCAN GLOSS WHITE AEROSOL		
Vaporizer	Aerosol	

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

According to the National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets, Environmental classification information is not mandatory. Information relevant for GHS classification is available on request

# 12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse

effects in the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

(acute)

: Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : Not classified

(chronic)

toluene (108-88-3)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus kisutch	
LOEC (chronic)	2.76 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'	
NOEC (chronic)	0.74 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'	
NOEC chronic fish	1.39 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus kisutch Duration: '40 d'	
BCF - Fish [1]	90 (72 h, Leuciscus idus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.73 (Experimental value, 20 °C)	
acetone (67-64-1)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	6210 – 8120 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Measured concentration)	
LOEC (chronic)	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	

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acetone (67-64-1)	
BCF - Fish [1]	0.69 (Pisces, Literature study)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.23 (Test data)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.374 – 0.988 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
cyclohexanone (108-94-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	527 – 732 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
ErC50 algae	> 100 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across, GLP)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.86 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.18 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	18 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
LC50 - Fish [2]	62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	44 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia sp.
ErC50 algae	397 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across, GLP)
NOEC (chronic)	23 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	23 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

( 1 , , (400,00,0)		
toluene (108-88-3)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.15 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.52 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	3.13 g O₂/g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.69	
acetone (67-64-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	2.2 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.232 g O₂/g substance	

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cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.605 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	2.605 g O₂/g substance	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
ThOD	2.21 g O₂/g substance	

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

toluene (108-88-3)		
BCF - Fish [1]	90 (72 h, Leuciscus idus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.73 (Experimental value, 20 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
acetone (67-64-1)		
BCF - Fish [1]	0.69 (Pisces, Literature study)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.23 (Test data)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.374 – 0.988 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.86 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.18 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

toluene (108-88-3)		
Surface tension	27.73 mN/m (25 °C, 0.05 %)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.73 (Experimental value, 20 °C)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.	
acetone (67-64-1)		
Surface tension	23.3 mN/m (20 °C)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.23 (Test data)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology0.374 – 0.988 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	

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cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		
Surface tension	No data available in the literature	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.86 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology1.18 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Surface tension	61.3 mN/m (20 °C, 0.1 %, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil. Not toxic to plants.	

# 12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified

Other adverse effects : No additional information available

POWERCAN GLOSS WHITE AEROSOL	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
toluene (108-88-3)	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
acetone (67-64-1)	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
cyclohexanone (108-94-1)	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

UN-No. (ADG) : 1950 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950 UN-No. (IATA) : 1950

# 14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (ADG) : AEROSOLS
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : AEROSOLS
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, flammable

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### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

### ADG

Transport hazard class(es) (ADG) : 2.1
Danger labels (ADG) : 2.1



**IMDG** 

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 2.1
Danger labels (IMDG) : 2.1



IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 2.1
Danger labels (IATA) : 2.1



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IATA) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant : No Dangerous for the environment : No

Other information : No supplementary information available

14.6. Special precautions for user

Specific storage requirement : No data available Shock sensitivity : No data available

14.7. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available

Transport by road and rail

UN-No. (ADG) : 1950

Special provision (ADG) : 63, 190, 277, 327, 344

Limited quantities (ADG): See SP 277Packing instructions (ADG): P207, LP02Special packing provisions (ADG): PP87, L2

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950

Special provisions (IMDG) : 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P207, LP200 Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP87, L2

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-D - FIRE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE GASES

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-U - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Uniform - GASES (FLAMMABLE, TOXIC OR CORROSIVE)

Stowage category (IMDG) : None

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Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1950 PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E0 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y203 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 30kgG PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 203 PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 75kg CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 203 CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 150kg

Special provisions (IATA) : A145, A167, A802

ERG code (IATA) : 10L

### 14.8. Hazchem or Emergency Action Code

Hazchem Code : Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

No additional information available

**Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act** 

HSNO Approval Number : HSR002515 Group standard : Aerosols

### LPG, liquefied, under pressure (68476-85-7)

#### **Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act**

HSNO Approval Number HSR001009

## toluene (108-88-3)

#### **Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act**

HSNO Approval Number HSR001227

### acetone (67-64-1)

#### Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act

HSNO Approval Number HSR001070

### cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

#### **Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act**

HSNO Approval Number HSR001112

## 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)

#### **Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act**

HSNO Approval Number HSR001219

#### n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

# Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act

HSNO Approval Number HSR001091

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phosphoric acid %, orthophosphoric acid % (7664-38-2)	
Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act	
HSNO Approval Number	HSR001545(dilution) HSR001571(dilution)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act	
HSNO Approval Number	HSR001503

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act	
HSNO Approval Number	HSR001154

2-phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)	
Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act	
HSNO Approval Number	HSR003045

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)	
Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act	
HSNO Approval Number	HSR001503

# 15.2. International agreements

No additional information available

# SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 20/12/2021

Classification	
Aerosol 1	H222;H229
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
Repr. 2	H361
STOT SE 3	H336

Full text of H-statements	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2

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Full text of H-statements	
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

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