

# Safety Data Sheet PCPGAL-US-SDS

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 03/17/2021 Version: 1.0

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : POWERCAN PRIMER GREY AEROSOL

UP Number UP0805

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Recommended use : Prime

1.3. Supplier

U-POL US Inc 108 Commerce Way

Easton, PA 18040 - United States T 1-800-340-7824 - F 1-800-787-5150 technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

# SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Flammable aerosol Category 1 Extremely flammable aerosol

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Skin sensitization, Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category

Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing cancer
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

3. Narcosis

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Category 2

# 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)









Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Extremely flammable aerosol

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

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If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance

with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

# 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

# **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification	
methyl acetate	ate (CAS-No.) 79-20-9 23		Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	
talc	(CAS-No.) 14807-96-6	< 5	Carc. 2, H351	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
butyl glycolether	(CAS-No.) 111-76-2	< 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
carbon black	(CAS-No.) 1333-86-4	< 5	Carc. 2, H351	
fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	(CAS-No.) 85711-46-2	< 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	
Ethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 100-41-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

# **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs:

Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

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First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Reactivity : Extremely flammable aerosol.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. No open flames. No smoking.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe vapors,

spray, fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Mechanically recover the product. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact

with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures

exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Storage temperature : < 25 °C

Storage area : Store in well ventilated area.

Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

reaction mass of eth	ylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene	
Not applicable		
hydrocarbons, C9, a	romatics (64742-95-6)	
Not applicable		
Ethylbenzene (100-4	1-4)	
ACGIH	Local name	Ethylbenzene
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
fatty acids, C14-18 a	nd C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)	
Not applicable		
carbon black (1333-8	36-4)	
ACGIH	Local name	Carbon black
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Bronchitis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	3.5 mg/m³
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
talc (14807-96-6)		
ACGIH	Local name	Talc
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³ (Respirable fraction. The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica)
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.1 fibers/cm³ (Containing asbestos fibers. F - Respirable fibers)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Containing no asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; pulm func. Notations: A4 Containing asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pneumoconiosis; lung cancer; mesothelioma. Notations: A1 (Confirmed Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	20 mppcf
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
methyl acetate (79-20	0-9)	
ACGIH	Local name	Methyl acetate
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	250 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Headache; dizziness; nausea; eye dam (degeneration of ganglion cells in the retina)

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methyl acetate (79-20-9)			
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	610 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	200 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
butyl glycolether (111-76	6-2)		
ACGIH	Local name	2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	240 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	50 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	

# 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

# 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.

# Materials for protective clothing:

Impermeable clothing

# Hand protection:

Protective gloves

# Eye protection:

Safety glasses

### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

### Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

# Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : aerosol.
Color : Gray

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Odor : There may be no odour warning properties, odour is subjective and inadequate to warn of

overexposure.

Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour:

Odourless Commercial/unpurified substance: unpleasant odour Pleasant odour Aromatic odour Petroleum-like odour Sweet odour Fruity odour Mild odour Ether-like odour Peppermint odour

Irritating/pungent odour Alcohol odour

Odor threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : Not applicable Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available Flash point : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 0.766 g/cm³

Solubility : insoluble in water. soluble in most organic solvents.

: No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available Explosive properties : No data available No data available Oxidizing properties

### 9.2. Other information

Gas group : Press. Gas (Liq.)

 As Packaged Regulatory VOC
 : 555 g/l (4.6 lbs/gal)

 As Packaged Actual VOC
 : 384 g/l (3.2 lbs/gal)

 As Applied Regulatory VOC
 : 555 g/l (4.6 lbs/gal)

 As Applied Actual VOC
 : 384 g/l (3.2 lbs/gal)

Water Content 0 wt%

Exempt Compounds by volume : 30.8 vol %

Exempt Compounds by weight : 37.5 wt%

Volatiles : 87.6 wt%

Percent Solids : 12.38 wt%

Percent Solids : 4.26 vol %

Maximum Incremental Reactivity (MIR) : 0.74

MIR EPA Aerosol Category : Auto Body Primer - ABP 1.55

MIR CARB Aerosol Category : Auto Body Primer - Specialty Coatings (A) - ABP 0.95

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Extremely flammable aerosol.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

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# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified		
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene	and p-xylene		
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg (EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral), rat, male)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6350 ppm/4h (4 h, EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), rat, male, Inhalation, vapours)		
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (gases)	6350 ppmV/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h		
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-	6)		
LD50 oral rat	8400 ml/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	3160 mg/kg body weight (OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), rat, male/female		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	3400 ppm/4h		
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))		
LD50 dermal rabbit	15432 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))		
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	15432 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h		
fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., r	naleated (85711-46-2)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)		
carbon black (1333-86-4)			
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.6 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust))		
talc (14807-96-6)			
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.1 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 15 day(s))		
methyl acetate (79-20-9)			
LD50 oral rat	6482 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal)), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)		

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methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	49 mg/l
ATE US (oral)	6482 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	49 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	49 mg/l/4h
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1746 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401
	(Acute Oral Toxicity), 95% CL: 1322 - 2301
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	450 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	1746 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xyler	ne and p-xylene
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
•	2P. Possibly earsinggenia to humana
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
talc (14807-96-6)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable, 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	
5101-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xyler	e and p-xylene
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95	-6)
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
CTCT diligio oxpoduro	may saude distributed of distances. May saude respiratory inflation.
method costate /70 20 0	
methyl acetate (79-20-9) STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xyler	e and p-xylene
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day ( OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), female)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95	-6)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	600 mg/kg bodyweight/day
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	900 – 1800 mg/m³

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75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)		
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
ited (85711-46-2)		
1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)		
2000 mg/l		
1057 mg/m³		
> 150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)		
: Not classified		
: No data available		
: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
: Eye irritation.		

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

LC50 - Fish [1] EC50 - Crustacea [1]

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene LC50 - Fish [1] 2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) EC50 - Crustacea [1] > 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia NOEC chronic fish > 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d' hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6) LC50 - Fish [1] 9.22 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss) EC50 - Crustacea [1] 6.14 mg/l 48 h, Daphnia magna ErC50 algae 2.9 ma/l Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) LC50 - Fish [1] 5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia 1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental EC50 - Crustacea [1] LOEC (chronic) 1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d' NOEC (chronic) 0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d' fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2) ≥ 1.17 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio) LC50 - Fish [1] EC50 - Crustacea [1] > 5.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna carbon black (1333-86-4) > 1000 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, LC50 - Fish [1] Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal) EC50 - Crustacea [1] > 5600 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 24 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect) ErC50 algae > 10000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration) talc (14807-96-6) LC50 - Fish [1] 89581 mg/l (ECOSAR v1.00, 96 h, Pisces, Fresh water, QSAR) methyl acetate (79-20-9)

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1026.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna

250 – 350 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)

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butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1474 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 1800 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio) Duration: '21 d'

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-	6)
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	3.17 g O₂/g substance
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)
talc (14807-96-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable
methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
carbon black (1333-86-4)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.		
talc (14807-96-6)			
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3.162 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Fresh water, QSAR)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-9.4 (QSAR, KOWWIN, 25 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
methyl acetate (79-20-9)			
BCF - Fish [1]	< 1 (Pisces, Literature study)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.18 (Experimental value, 20 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.81 (Test data, 20 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

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Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
Surface tension	Not applicable (solid)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not toxic to plants. Not toxic to animals.
talc (14807-96-6)	
Ecology - soil	Adsorbs into the soil.
methyl acetate (79-20-9)	
Surface tension	24 mN/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.18 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Surface tension	65.03 mN/m (20 °C, 2 g/l)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** 

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1950 Aerosols, 2.1

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1950 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols

Class (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N82 - See 173.306 of this subchapter for classification criteria for flammable aerosols.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 75 kg

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 150 kg

CFR 175.75)

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

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25 - Protected from sources of heat.87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except DOT Vessel Stowage Other

Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### **Transportation of Dangerous Goods**

Transport document description (TDG) : UN1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1950 Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : AEROSOLS

TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable Gas

**TDG Special Provisions** : 80 - Despite section 1.17 of Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General

> Provisions and Special Cases), a person must not offer for transport or transport these dangerous goods unless they are in a means of containment that is in compliance with the requirements for transporting gases in Part 5 (Means of Containment),107 - (1) These Regulations, except for Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases) and Part 2 (Classification), do not apply to the handling, offering for transport or transporting of UN1950, AEROSOLS, and UN2037, GAS CARTRIDGES, that contain dangerous goods included in Class 2.1 or Class 2.2 and that are transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage, if the aerosols or gas cartridges

have a capacity less than or equal to 50 mL. (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to self-defence spray.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 75 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

#### Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950 Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : AFROSOLS Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

### Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable, 2.1

UN-No. (IATA)

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, flammable

Class (IATA) : 2 - Gases

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Ethylbenzene CAS-No. 100-41-4 < 5%

### reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

# hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 1000 lb

# fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

**EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag** PMN - PMN - indicates a commenced PMN substance.

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### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### talc (14807-96-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

### methyl acetate (79-20-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### butyl glycolether (111-76-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

### 15.2. International regulations

### **CANADA**

### reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

#### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### talc (14807-96-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# methyl acetate (79-20-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## butyl glycolether (111-76-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

### **National regulations**

### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

# 15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	Х				54 μg/day (inhalation); 41 μg/day (oral)	
carbon black(1333-86- 4)	X					

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Component	State or local regulations
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
carbon black(1333-86-4)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
talc(14807-96-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
methyl acetate(79-20-9)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
butyl glycolether(111-76-2)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

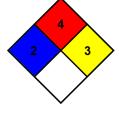
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NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or

that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.

: 3 - Materials that in themselves are capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or explosive reaction but that require a strong initiating source or must be heated under confinement before initiation.



SDS US GHS (GHS HazCom2012)

For professional use only

NFPA reactivity

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