

Safety Data Sheet SPOTAL-US-SDS

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 08/18/2015 Revision date: 09/03/2019 Supersedes: 03/11/2019 Version: 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : SPOT #3 UNIVERSAL SPOT PRIMER AEROSOL

UP Number UP0870

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Recommended use : Prime

1.3. Supplier

U-POL US Inc 108 Commerce Way

Easton, PA 18040 - United States T 1-800-340-7824 - F 1-800-787-5150 technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable aerosol Category 1 Extremely flammable aerosol

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Skin sensitization, Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category

Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing cancer
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

3, Narcosis

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Category 2

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)









Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Extremely flammable aerosol

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

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IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance

with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

1.4% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapors))

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
acetone	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1	23 – 43	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
talc	(CAS-No.) 14807-96-6	< 5	Carc. 2, H351
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
ethyl methyl ketone	(CAS-No.) 78-93-3	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
ethyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 141-78-6	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
carbon black	(CAS-No.) 1333-86-4	< 5	Carc. 2, H351
fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	(CAS-No.) 85711-46-2	< 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317
Ethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 100-41-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1.	Descripti	ion of firs	t aid mea	sures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs:

Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Reactivity : Extremely flammable aerosol.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe vapors,

spray, fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Mechanically recover the product. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact

with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands

after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures

exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Storage temperature : < 25 °C

Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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acetone (67-64-1)			
ACGIH	Local name	Acetone	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	2400 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	1000 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-	-3)		
ACGIH	Local name	Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	300 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; CNS & PNS impair. Notations: BEI	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	590 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	200 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
carbon black (1333-86-4)			
ACGIH	Local name	Carbon black	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Bronchitis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	3.5 mg/m³	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)			
ACGIH	Local name	Ethyl acetate	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	1400 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	400 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
reaction mass of ethylbenz	ene, m-xylene and p-xylene		
Not applicable			
hydrocarbons, C9, aromati	cs (64742-95-6)		
Not applicable			
<u> </u>	6-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)		
Not applicable			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) ACGIH	Local name	Ethylbenzene	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
7.0011	ACOUTOLL TWA [PPIII]	20 ρριιι	

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Ethylbenzene (100	-41-4)	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
talc (14807-96-6)		
ACGIH	Local name	Talc
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³ (Respirable fraction. The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica)
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.1 fibers/cm³ (Containing asbestos fibers. F - Respirable fibers)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Containing no asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; pulm func. Notations: A4 Containing asbestos fibers = TLV® Basis: Pneumoconiosis; lung cancer; mesothelioma. Notations: A1 (Confirmed Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	20 mppcf
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.

Materials for protective clothing:

Impermeable clothing

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : aerosol.
Color : Gray

Odor : There may be no odour warning properties, odour is subjective and inadequate to warn of

overexposure.

Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour:

Odourless Pleasant odour Aromatic odour Petroleum-like odour Sweet odour Peppermint odour Irritating/pungent odour Fruity odour Mild odour Ether-like odour Alcohol odour Acetone odour

Commercial/unpurified substance: unpleasant odour

Odor threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available Flash point : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 0.731 g/cm³

Solubility : insoluble in water, soluble in most organic solvents.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature No data available : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available No data available Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic : No data available : No data available **Explosion limits** Explosive properties No data available : No data available Oxidizing properties

9.2. Other information

As Packaged Regulatory VOC : 556 g/l (4.6 lb/gal)
As Packaged Actual VOC : 379 g/l (3.1 lb/gal)
As Applied Regulatory VOC : 556 g/l (4.6 lb/gal)
As Applied Actual VOC : 379 g/l (3.1 lb/gal)

 Water Content
 0 wt%

 Volatiles
 : 86.4 wt%

 % EPA HAPS
 : 38.7 wt%

 Percent Solids
 : 13.62 wt%

 Percent Solids
 : 3.98 vol %

Maximum Incremental Reactivity (MIR) : 0.89

MIR EPA Aerosol Category : Auto Body Primer - ABP 1.55

MIR CARB Aerosol Category : Auto Body Primer - Specialty Coatings (A) - ABP 0.95

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Extremely flammable aerosol.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

aarban blaak (4222 06 4)

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1.	Information	on toxico	logical	offooto
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Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)	1.4% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapors))
acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	76 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, 95% CL: 65,2 - 88,4
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	20000 mg/kg body weight

ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LD50 oral rat	2193 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Readacross, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 10 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
ATE US (oral)	2193 mg/kg body weight

Carbon black (1333-66-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.6 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust))

ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	
LD50 oral rat	10200 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
ATE US (oral)	10200 mg/kg body weight

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg (EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral), rat, male)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6350 ppm/4h (4 h, EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), rat, male, Inhalation, vapours)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6350 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

ml/kg
mg/kg body weight (OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), rat, male/female
ppm/4h

fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

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Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))			
LD50 dermal rabbit	15432 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)			
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))			
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight			
ATE US (dermal)	15432 mg/kg body weight			
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h			
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h			
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h			
talc (14807-96-6)				
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))			
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))			
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.1 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 15 day(s))			
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified			
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified			
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.			
Salcinogenicity	. Suspected of causing cancer.			
carbon black (1333-86-4)				
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans			
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylo	ene and n-vylene			
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans			
TARCO GIOUP	2D 1 033ibly carolinogenic to Humans			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans			
talc (14807-96-6)				
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable, 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans			
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified			
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
	. Hay sauce distributed of distances.			
acetone (67-64-1)				
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)				
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
athyd acetata (444 70 C)				
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	Manager describes and Produces			
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xyl	ene and p-xylene			
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.			
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-9	75-6)			
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.			
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)				
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	3600 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 795.2600 (Subchronic Oral Toxicity Test)			
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	900 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 795.2600 (Subchronic Oral Toxicity Test)			
	1000			

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reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene an	a p-xylene		
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)		
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), female)		
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)			
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	600 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,vapor,90 days)	900 – 1800 mg/m³		
fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., male	eated (85711-46-2)		
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)		
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)			
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)		
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
spiration hazard	: Not classified		
iscosity, kinematic	: No data available		
•	· May cause droweinose or dizzinose		
ymptoms/effects	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
ymptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
ymptoms/effects after eye contact	: Eye irritation.		
SECTION 12: Ecological information			
2.1. Toxicity			
cology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.		
acetone (67-64-1)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	5540 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)		
LOEC (chronic)	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	2993 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	308 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna		
ErC50 algae	1972 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)		
carbon black (1333-86-4)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 5600 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 24 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)		
ErC50 algae	> 10000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)		
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	230 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	154 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature)		
NOEC (chronic)	2.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene an	d p-xylene		
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia		

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Persistence and degradability

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)

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nydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64/42-95-6)				
LC50 - Fish [1]	9.22 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)			
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	6.14 mg/l 48 h, Daphnia magna			
ErC50 algae	2.9 mg/l			
fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., m	aleated (85711-46-2)			
LC50 - Fish [1]	≥ 1.17 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)			
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 5.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia			
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)			
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'			
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'			
talc (14807-96-6)				
LC50 - Fish [1]	89581 mg/l (ECOSAR v1.00, 96 h, Pisces, Fresh water, QSAR)			
12.2. Persistence and degradability				
acetone (67-64-1)				
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.			
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O₂/g substance			
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O₂/g substance			
ThOD	2.2 g O ₂ /g substance			
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.872 (20 day(s), Literature study)			
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)				
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.			
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.03 g O₂/g substance			
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.31 g O₂/g substance			
ThOD	2.44 g O₂/g substance			
carbon black (1333-86-4)				
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Biodegradability: not applicable.			
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)			
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)			
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)				
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.			
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.293 g O₂/g substance			
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.69 g O₂/g substance			
ThOD	1.82 g O₂/g substance			
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6				
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.			
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O ₂ /g substance			
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O₂/g substance			
ThOD	3.17 g O₂/g substance			
talc (14807-96-6)				

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Biodegradability: not applicable.

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talc (14807-96-6)	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

acetone (67-64-1)			
BCF - Fish [1]	0.69 (Pisces)		
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.24 (Test data)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.		
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 40 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
carbon black (1333-86-4)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.		
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)			
BCF - Fish [1]	30 (3 day(s), Leuciscus idus, Static system, Experimental value)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.68 (Experimental value, EPA OPPTS 830.7560, 25 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).			
talc (14807-96-6)				
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3.162 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Fresh water, QSAR)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-9.4 (QSAR, KOWWIN, 25 °C)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).			

12.4. Mobility in soil

acetone (67-64-1)	
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Surface tension	0.024 N/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.53 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil. Slightly harmful to plants.
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
Surface tension	Not applicable (solid)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not toxic to plants. Not toxic to animals.
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	
Surface tension	0.024 N/m (20 °C)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.
talc (14807-96-6)	
Ecology - soil	Adsorbs into the soil.

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Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Disposal must be done according to official regulations. Regional legislation (waste)

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1950 Aerosols (flammable), 2.1

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1950 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols

flammable

Class (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N82 - See 173.306 of this subchapter for classification criteria for flammable aerosols.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 75 kg (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 150 kg

CFR 175.75)

: 1 L

: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a **DOT Vessel Stowage Location**

passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other 25 - Protected from sources of heat,87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except

Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index

Transport document description (TDG) : UN1950 AEROSOLS (flammable), 2.1

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1950 Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : AEROSOLS

TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable Gas

TDG Special Provisions : 80 - Despite section 1.17 of Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General

Provisions and Special Cases), a person must not offer for transport or transport these dangerous goods unless they are in a means of containment that is in compliance with the requirements for transporting gases in Part 5 (Means of Containment),107 - (1) These Regulations, except for Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases) and Part 2 (Classification), do not apply to the handling, offering for transport or transporting of UN1950, AEROSOLS, and UN2037, GAS CARTRIDGES, that contain dangerous goods included in Class 2.1 or Class 2.2 and that are transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage, if the aerosols or gas cartridges

have a capacity less than or equal to 50 mL.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to self-defence spray.

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Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 75 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : AEROSOLS
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable, 2.1

UN-No. (IATA) : 1950

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, flammable

Class (IATA) : 2 - Gases

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Ethylbenzene CAS-No. 100-41-4 < 5%

acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

ethyl acetate (141-78-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag PMN - PMN - indicates a commenced PMN substance.

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 1000 lb

talc (14807-96-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

ethyl acetate (141-78-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (64742-95-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

talc (14807-96-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
carbon black(1333-86- 4)	X					
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	Х				54 µg/day (inhalation); 41 µg/day (oral)	

Component	State or local regulations
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. – New York City – Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
carbon black(1333-86-4)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
talc(14807-96-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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Component	State or local regulations
ethyl acetate(141-78-6)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
ethyl methyl ketone(78-93-3)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
acetone(67-64-1)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

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Revision date : 09/03/2019

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause

temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at

atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or

that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.

NFPA reactivity : 3 - Materials that in themselves are capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or explosive reaction but that

require a strong initiating source or must be heated under

confinement before initiation.



Indication of changes:

Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
	Supersedes	Added	
	Revision date	Modified	

SDS US GHS (GHS HazCom2012)

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