

## Safety Data Sheet RLBAL-R-US-SDS

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 04/19/2018 Revision date: 09/10/2019 Supersedes: 04/19/2018 Version: 2.0

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : RAPTOR 2K PROTECTIVE COATING BLACK AEROSOL

UP Number UP4883

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Recommended use : Coating

Restrictions on use : Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

#### 1.3. Supplier

**Supplier** 

U-POL US Inc 108 Commerce Way

Easton, PA 18040 - United States T 1-800-340-7824 - F 1-800-787-5150 technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Flammable aerosol Category 1
Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

Skin sensitization, Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Category 2

Extremely flammable aerosol

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

## **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)









Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Extremely flammable aerosol

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye irritation Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

If on skin. Wash with plenty of water.

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IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
acetone	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers	(CAS-No.) 28182-81-2	5 – 23	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
n-butyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 123-86-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined	(CAS-No.) 68855-54-9	< 5	STOT RE 2, H373
carbon black	(CAS-No.) 1333-86-4	< 5	Carc. 2, H351
Xylene	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Ethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 100-41-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	(CAS-No.) 1065336-91-5	< 5	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
reaction mass of \$\alpha\$-(3-(2+1)-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-\$\omega\$-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and \$\alpha\$-(3-(2+1)-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-\$\omega\$-(3-(2+1)-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)		< 5	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

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First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs:

Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Reactivity : Extremely flammable aerosol.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe vapors,

spray, fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Mechanically recover the product. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Avoid

contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands

after handling the product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures

exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store locked up. Keep cool.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

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acetone (67-64-1)			
ACGIH	Local name	Acetone	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	2400 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	1000 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
carbon black (1333-	86-4)	-	
ACGIH	Local name	Carbon black	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Bronchitis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
kieselguhr, soda as	kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)		
Not applicable			
n-butyl acetate (123	-86-4)		
ACGIH	Local name	n-Butyl acetate	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	710 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	150 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-	3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphe tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-be pionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	enyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3-(2H- nzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-	
reaction mass of bis	s(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and m	ethyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)	
Not applicable			
	nylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		
Not applicable			
hexamethylene diise Not applicable	ocyanate oligomers (28182-81-2)		
Xylene (1330-20-7)			
ACGIH	Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
7.00111	,		

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Xylene (1330-20-7)			
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
ACGIH	Local name	Ethylbenzene	
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

#### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Hand protection:

Protective gloves

#### Eye protection:

Safety glasses

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

## Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : aerosol.
Color : Black
Odor : characteristic

Odor threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : Not applicable Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -24 °C Flash point : < 0 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Vapor pressure : No data available

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Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available Density 0.944 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Solubility : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

As Packaged Regulatory VOC : 491 g/l (4.1 lb/gal)
As Packaged Actual VOC : 430 g/l (3.5 lb/gal)
As Applied Regulatory VOC : 491 g/l (4.1 lb/gal)
As Applied Actual VOC : 430 g/l (3.5 lb/gal)

 Water Content
 0 wt%

 Volatiles
 : 56.0 wt%

 % EPA HAPS
 : 5.95 wt%

 Percent Solids
 : 44 wt%

 Percent Solids
 : 29.15 vol %

Maximum Incremental Reactivity (MIR) : 0.9

MIR EPA Aerosol Category : Non-Flat Coating - NFP 1.4

MIR CARB Aerosol Category : Nonflat Coating - General Coatings - NFP 0.95

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Extremely flammable aerosol.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	76 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, 95% CL: 65,2 - 88,4

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acetone (67-64-1)	
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	20000 mg/kg body weight
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.6 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Experimental value, Inhalation
	(dust))
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9	9)
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401
	(Acute Oral Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	390 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	10760 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	14112 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	390 ppmV/4h
reaction mass of α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenylhydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene	-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3-(2H- /l)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4- e)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline No. 401 (equivalent to Annex V), limit test, rat, male/female)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline No. 402 (equivalent to Annex V), limit test, rat, male/female)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	5800 mg/l (OECD Guideline 403, 14d, rat)
ATE US (vapors)	5800 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	5800 mg/l/4h
reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-p	piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)
LD50 oral rat	3230 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), rat, male/female)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3170 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), read-across,
ATE US (oral)	3230 mg/kg body weight
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and	p-xylene
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg (EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral), rat, male)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6350 ppm/4h (4 h, EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), rat, male, Inhalation, vapours)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6350 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28182	2-81-2)
LD50 oral rat	> 2500 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 423, rat, female)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402, rat, male/female)
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.39 mg/l/4h
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1: Acute Toxicity (Oral), Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg (Non-GLP, read-across from supporting substance, single dermal dose under occlusion followed by observation for 14 days)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6700 ppm/4h (EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), 4h, rat, male)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight

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Xylene (1330-20-7)	
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	15432 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15432 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
kin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
erious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.
oorbon blook (1222 95 4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
nace group	25 Toolisty carolinogenia to Hamana
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene ar	nd p-xylene
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
TOT-single exposure	: Not classified
5 ,	
acetone (67-64-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
, ,	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)  STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene ar	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  nd p-xylene
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)  STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)  STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene ar	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  nd p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)  STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all  STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  nd p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  182-81-2)
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28- STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  182-81-2)
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28' STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7) STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28: STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  182-81-2)  May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-single exposure  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28' STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7) STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene al STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28: STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7) STOT-single exposure  TOT-repeated exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Id-9)  3737.9 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28: STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7) STOT-single exposure  TOT-repeated exposure  kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-5	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28: STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7) STOT-single exposure  TOT-repeated exposure  tiot-repeated exposure  kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-5 NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  182-81-2)  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  14-9)  3737.9 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene all STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28: STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7) STOT-single exposure  TOT-repeated exposure  tiot-repeated exposure  kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-5 NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  182-81-2)  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  14-9)  3737.9 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4) STOT-single exposure  reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene at STOT-single exposure  hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28: STOT-single exposure  Xylene (1330-20-7) STOT-single exposure  TOT-repeated exposure  kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-5 NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  STOT-repeated exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  Ind p-xylene  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause respiratory irritation.  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  Independent of the prolonged of the pr

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NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  150 mg/kg bodyweight/day ( OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rode STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated expose  Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: Off (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA (Toxicity)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated expose  Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)  NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 Oral Toxicity in Rodents)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated expose  Aspiration hazard  Viscosity, kinematic  Not classified  Viscosity, kinematic  Symptoms/effects after skin contact  Symptoms/effects after eye contact  Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general  The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caleffects in the environment.	ECD Guideline 408 OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral sure.  (Repeated Dose 90-Day sure.	
STOT-repeated exposure   May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated expositions	ECD Guideline 408 OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral sure.  (Repeated Dose 90-Day sure.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)  LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: Ol (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA (Toxicity)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)  NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 Oral Toxicity in Rodents)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Aspiration hazard  Viscosity, kinematic  Not classified  Viscosity, kinematic  No data available  Symptoms/effects after skin contact  Symptoms/effects after eye contact  Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general  The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caleffects in the environment.	ECD Guideline 408 OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral sure.  (Repeated Dose 90-Day sure.	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: Of (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA (Repeated EPA (Repe	OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral sure.  (Repeated Dose 90-Day sure.	
(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA of Toxicity)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposite Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)  NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  Tomogly body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 Oral Toxicity in Rodents)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposite Aspiration hazard  Not classified  Viscosity, kinematic  Symptoms/effects after skin contact  Symptoms/effects after eye contact  Section 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general  The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caleffects in the environment.	OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral sure.  (Repeated Dose 90-Day sure.	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)  NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  STOT-repeated exposure  Aspiration hazard  Viscosity, kinematic  Symptoms/effects after skin contact  Symptoms/effects after eye contact  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general  Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)  75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 Oral Toxicity in Rodents)  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  Not classified  No data available  Symptoms/effects after skin contact  Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information	(Repeated Dose 90-Day sure.	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)  75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 Oral Toxicity in Rodents)  STOT-repeated exposure  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposed aspiration hazard  Viscosity, kinematic  Symptoms/effects after skin contact  Symptoms/effects after eye contact  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general  The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cateffects in the environment.	sure.	
Oral Toxicity in Rodents)  STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated expose  Aspiration hazard : Not classified  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available  Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cateffects in the environment.	sure.	
Aspiration hazard : Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cateffects in the environment.		
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available  Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caeffects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
Symptoms/effects after skin contact  Symptoms/effects after eye contact  Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general  The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caleffects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caeffects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.  SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caeffects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
SECTION 12: Ecological information  12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to caleffects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
12.1. Toxicity  Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to ca effects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to ca effects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to ca effects in the environment.	ause long-term adverse	
acetone (67-64-1)		
LC50 - Fish [1] 5540 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fi	resh water, Experimental	
LOEC (chronic) > 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 c	d'	
NOEC (chronic) ≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 c		
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
LC50 - Fish [1] > 1000 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio	o, Semi-static system,	
EC50 - Crustacea [1] > 5600 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 24 system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)	4 h, Daphnia magna, Static	
ErC50 algae > 10000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desm Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentra		
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
LC50 - Fish [1] 18 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas		
EC50 - Crustacea [1] 44 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia sp.		
LC50 - Fish [2] 62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)		
NOEC (chronic)  23 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'		
NOEC chronic crustacea 23 mg/l		
reaction mass of α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)		
LC50 - Fish [1]  2.8 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, E Nominal concentration)	Experimental value,	
EC50 - Crustacea [1] 4 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experime concentration)	ental value, Nominal	
ErC50 algae > 100 mg/l (72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Francisco value, Nominal concentration)	resh water, Experimental	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		
LC50 - Fish [1] 2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous	name: Salmo gairdneri)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1] > 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia	gananon,	
NOEC chronic fish  > 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous Duration: '56 d'	us name: Salmo gairdneri)	

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Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
ErC50 algae	4.36 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 73 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

acetone (67-64-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	2.2 g O₂/g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.872 (20 day(s), Literature study)	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)	
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)	
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-	9)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
ThOD	2.21 g O₂/g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.46	

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	3.17 g O₂/g substance	

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

acetone (67-64-1)	
BCF - Fish [1]	0.69 (Pisces)
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.24 (Test data)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

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carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-	9)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No test data of component(s) available.	
<u>'</u>	The foot data of component(c) distinction.	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	45.2 (Calculated value)	
BCF - Fish [1]	15.3 (Calculated value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Bioaccumulative potential	2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
<u>'</u>		
reaction mass of $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)		
BCF - Fish [1]	2658 – 3430 (502 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	4.6 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 117, 25 °C)	
V		
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
BCF - Fish [1]	7.2 – 25.9 (56 day(s), Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (Read-across, 20 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
acetone (67-64-1)		
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Surface tension	Not applicable (solid)	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not toxic to plants. Not toxic to animals.	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Surface tension	0.0163 N/m (20 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Surface tension	28.01 – 29.76 mN/m (25 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.73 (log Koc, Equivalent or similar to OECD 121, Read-across)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.	
	· •	

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

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#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1950 Aerosols, 2.1

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1950
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols

Class (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas

FLAHMABLE GAS

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N82 - See 173.306 of this subchapter for classification criteria for flammable aerosols.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 75 kg

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 150 kg

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 25 - Protected from sources of heat,87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except

Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 126

Oth an information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### **Transportation of Dangerous Goods**

Transport document description (TDG) : UN1950 AEROSOLS (flammable), 2.1

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1950
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : AEROSOLS

TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable Gas

TDG Special Provisions : 80 - Despite section 1.17 of Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General

Provisions and Special Cases), a person must not offer for transport or transport these dangerous goods unless they are in a means of containment that is in compliance with the requirements for transporting gases in Part 5 (Means of Containment),107 - (1) These Regulations, except for Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases) and Part 2 (Classification), do not apply to the handling, offering for transport or transporting of UN1950, AEROSOLS, and UN2037, GAS CARTRIDGES, that contain dangerous goods included in Class 2.1 or Class 2.2 and that are transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage, if the aerosols or gas cartridges

have a capacity less than or equal to 50 mL. (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to self-defence spray.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 1 L

Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 75 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : AEROSOLS
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

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#### Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable, 2.1

UN-No. (IATA) : 1950

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, flammable

Class (IATA) : 2 - Gases

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	< 5%
Ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	< 5%

Ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	< 5%	
	'	,	
acetone (67-64-1)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb		

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

**CERCLA RQ** 5000 lb

reaction mass of  $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and  $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

**EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag** FRI - FRI - indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used. PMN - PMN - indicates a commenced PMN substance.

> XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).

reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28182-81-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

**EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag** XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).

#### Xylene (1330-20-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 100 lb

#### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 1000 lb

#### 15.2. International regulations

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#### acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

reaction mass of  $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and  $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28182-81-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Xylene (1330-20-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

#### **National regulations**

#### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

#### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

#### 15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
carbon black(1333-86- 4)	X					
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	Х				54 μg/day (inhalation); 41 μg/day (oral)	

Component	State or local regulations
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined(68855-54-9)	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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Component	State or local regulations
n-butyl acetate(123-86-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
acetone(67-64-1)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
carbon black(1333-86-4)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

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Revision date : 09/10/2019

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause

temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at

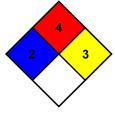
atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or

that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.

NFPA reactivity : 3 - Materials that in themselves are capable of detonation or explosive decomposition or explosive reaction but that

require a strong initiating source or must be heated under

confinement before initiation.



#### SDS US GHS (GHS HazCom2012)

For professional use only.

The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued however it is subject to change from time to time. It does not purport to be all inclusive or exhaustive and shall only be used as a guide. U-POL makes no warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranty of fitness for a given purpose or usage. It is the Buyers responsibility to ensure the suitability of the products for their own use and to check the information is up to date. U-POL cannot be held responsible for the suitability of use for any of its products, considering the wide range of factors such as application, substrates and handling methods. Since these conditions of use are outside of our control, the company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the product detailed. Moreover, addition of reducers, hardeners or other additives over and above U-POL's recommendations for use, may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. U-POL data sheets are available via the U-POL website at WWW.U-POL.COM.

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